

# s. 2-lined salamander

Eurycea cirrigera

Kingdom: Animalia

Division/Phylum: Chordata - vertebrates

Class: Amphibia Order: Caudata

Family: Plethodontidae

### **FEATURES**

The southern two-lined salamander averages two and one-half to three and three-fourths inches in length. It has two dark lines that border a broad, light stripe on the back. The body is essentially yellow but may be brownish, greenish, bronze or orange. The broad, light stripe may have many small, black spots in it. The tail makes up 55 to 60 percent of the total body length.

## **BEHAVIORS**

The southern two-lined salamander lives in moist wood-lands, creeks and swamps. It may be found in water or among rocks and tree roots along the water's edge. It may travel on the forest floor in wet weather but returns to water as drying occurs. The female lays about 30 eggs in water during the early spring. Eggs are attached to rocks, logs or aquatic plants and hatch in May or June. Transformation to the adult form occurs in one to three years, being completed when the larva reaches about two inches in length. The southern two-lined salamander eats insects and other invertebrates.

# **HABITATS**

bottomland forests	rivers & streams
☐ lakes, ponds & reservoirs	swamps
Lake Michigan	temp water supplies
marshes	wet prairies & fens
peatlands	•

#### **ILLINOIS STATUS**

common	endangered	threatened
native	O evotic	

# **ILLINOIS RANGE**

east central + southeast

### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 1999. *Biodiversity of Illinois, Volume I: Aquatic Habitats* CD-ROM.